

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname					Other names				
Centre Number					Candidate Number				
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE									
Thursday 8 June 2023									
Morning (Time: 2 hours)					Paper reference		4PM1/02R		
Further Pure Mathematics									
PAPER 2R									
Calculators may be used.								Total Marks	

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page.
Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Pearson

International GCSE in Further Pure Mathematics Formulae sheet

Mensuration

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r \times$ slant height

Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Series

Arithmetic series

Sum to n terms, $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n-1)d]$

Geometric series

Sum to n terms, $S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{(1-r)}$

Sum to infinity, $S_\infty = \frac{a}{1-r} \quad |r| < 1$

Binomial series

$(1+x)^n = 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^2 + \dots + \frac{n(n-1)\dots(n-r+1)}{r!}x^r + \dots \quad \text{for } |x| < 1, n \in \mathbb{Q}$

Calculus

Quotient rule (differentiation)

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right) = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

Trigonometry

Cosine rule

In triangle ABC : $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A-B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A+B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A-B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

Logarithms

$$\log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$$

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Answer all ELEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 $f(x) = 2x^2 + (k + 8)x + k$

Show that for all values of k , the equation $f(x) = 0$ has distinct real roots.

(4)

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)



2 Find the set of values of x for which

(a) $2(x + 1) < 5x - 2$

(2)

(b) $3x^2 - x \leq 10$

(3)

(c) **both** $2(x + 1) < 5x - 2$ **and** $3x^2 - x \leq 10$

(1)

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Question 2 continued

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(Total for Question 2 is 6 marks)



3

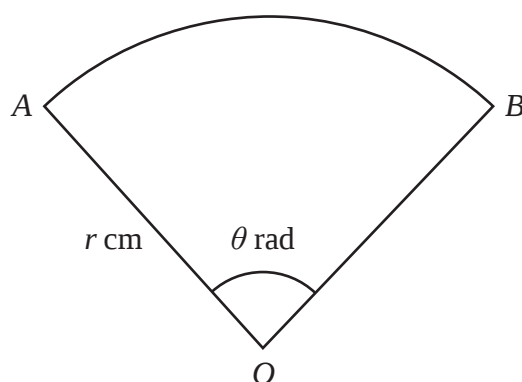


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the sector OAB of a circle with centre O .

The radius of the circle is r cm and the angle AOB is θ radians.

The area of the sector is 675 cm^2

(a) Show that the perimeter of the sector, P cm, is given by

$$P = 2r + \frac{1350}{r} \quad (3)$$

Given that r can vary,

(b) find, using calculus, the minimum value of P

Give your answer in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ where a is an integer and b is a prime number.

(5)

(c) Justify that the value of P you found in (b) is a minimum.

(2)

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P 7 4 2 8 4 A 0 6 3 2



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Question 3 continued

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(Total for Question 3 is 10 marks)



4 O, A and B are fixed points such that

$$\vec{OA} = 5\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} \quad \vec{AB} = a\mathbf{i} + 16\mathbf{j} \quad \text{and} \quad |\vec{OB}| = 5\sqrt{29}$$

(a) Find the possible values of a

(4)

Given that $a > 0$

(b) find a unit vector that is parallel to $\vec{AB}$

(2)

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Question 4 continued

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(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)



- At time t seconds, $t \geq 0$, the velocity, v m/s, of P is given by

(a) Find the acceleration of P when $t = 5$

(2)

(b) Find the value of t_1 and the value of t_2

(2)

- (c) Use calculus to find the distance AB

(3)

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Question 5 continued

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(Total for Question 5 is 7 marks)



6

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 5x - p$$

The equation $f(x) = 0$ has roots α and β

Given that $\alpha^3 + \beta^3 = -\frac{215}{8}$

(a) find the value of p

(5)

Without solving the equation $f(x) = 0$

(b) form a quadratic equation, with integer coefficients, that has roots

$$\frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\beta^2}$$

(5)

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Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

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(Total for Question 6 is 10 marks)



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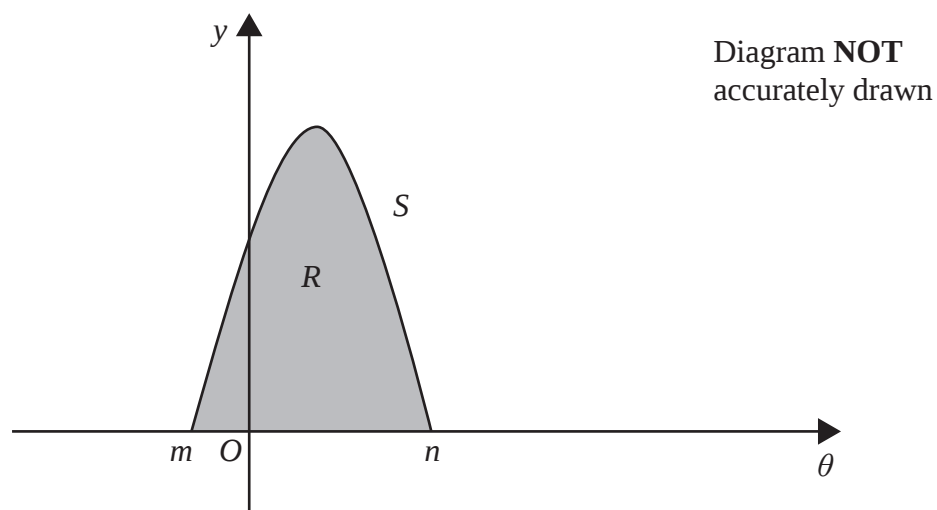


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows part of the curve S with equation $y = (\cos 3\theta + \sqrt{3} \sin 3\theta)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ where $m \leq \theta \leq n$

The curve S meets the x -axis at the point with coordinates $(m, 0)$ and at the point with coordinates $(n, 0)$

- (a) Find the exact value of m and the exact value of n

(3)

The finite region R , shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the curve S , and the x -axis in the region $m \leq \theta \leq n$

The region R is rotated through 2π radians about the theta-axis.

- (b) Use calculus to find the exact volume of the solid generated.

(4)

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Question 7 continued

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Question 7 continued

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Question 7 continued

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(Total for Question 7 is 7 marks)



- (a) Find an equation of line AB , giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers to be found.

The line l is perpendicular to AB and passes through the point X which lies on AB such that $AX : XB = 3:1$

- (b) Show that an equation of l is $y = -2x + 22$

The point C has coordinates $(6, p)$

Given that C lies on l

- (c) find the value of p

$ABCD$ is a parallelogram where the x coordinate of D is negative.

- (d) Find the coordinates of the point D

(e) Find the area of the parallelogram $ABCD$

Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued

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(Total for Question 8 is 16 marks)



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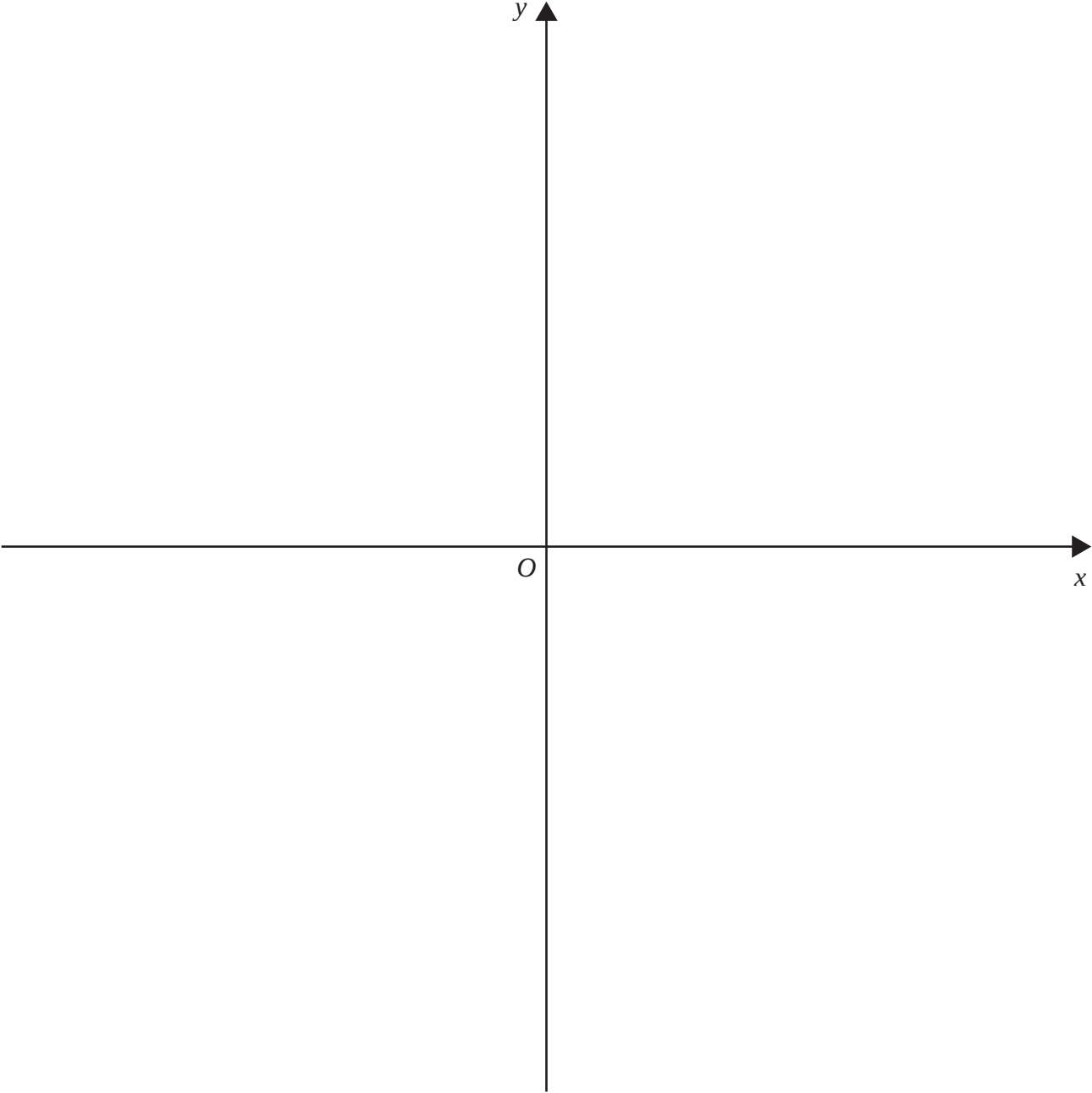
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- (3)

(5)

Question 9 continued



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Question 9 continued

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Question 9 continued

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(Total for Question 9 is 15 marks)



10 Solve the equation

$$\log_4 x^3 + 8\log_x 64 = 22$$

(7)

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Question 10 continued

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(Total for Question 10 is 7 marks)



11 (a) Use a formula on page 2 to show that $\sin^2 A = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2A)$ (3)

(b) Show that $\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x = \frac{3 + \cos 4x}{4}$ (5)

(c) Hence solve, in degrees to one decimal place, the equation

$$8\sin^4\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) + 8\cos^4\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = 5\sin(2\theta) + 6 \quad \text{for } 0^\circ \leq \theta < 180^\circ \quad (4)$$

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Question 11 continued

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TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS